

**Astronomy 682**  
**Problem Set 5**  
**Due Wednesday, May 9, in class**

**Question 1: A Lambda-Dominated Universe** (40 points)

Consider a spatially flat ( $k = 0$ ) universe in which the only energy component is a cosmological constant, with energy density  $\epsilon_\Lambda = \epsilon_{c,0}$  that *does not change* as the universe expands.

(a) Show that the solution to the Friedmann equation in this case is

$$a(t) = a_0 e^{H_0(t-t_0)}$$

- (b) Does this universe have a “big bang”?
- (c) What is the age of the universe (in terms of  $H_0$  and  $t_0$ ) at redshift  $z = 1$ ?
- (d) What is the comoving distance to an object at  $z = 1$ ?
- (e) What is the physical separation of two objects separated by  $d\Omega = 0.01$  radians at  $z = 1$ ?
- (f) Consider a photon emitted today (at  $t_0$ ). What comoving distance  $r$  has it traveled to by time  $t_f > t_0$ ?
- (g) Suppose that this model is a good description of our universe (it can't be a perfect description, because it has no matter). If a supernova goes off in our galaxy today, will an observer in a galaxy that is presently 6000 Mpc away from us ever be able to see it?

**Question 2**

Consider a universe in which  $a(t) = (t/t_0)^\alpha$ , with  $0 < \alpha < 1$ .

- (a) Consider a photon emitted at time  $t = 0$ . What comoving distance  $r$  has it traveled to by time  $t_0$ ?
- (b) Consider a photon emitted today (at time  $t_0$ ). What comoving distance  $r$  has it traveled to by time  $t_f > t_0$ ?
- (c) What is a fundamental difference between your result above (2b) and your corresponding result for 1f?

**Question 3**

Carefully examine the diagrams on the following page, which plot the expansion factor  $a(t)$  against time  $t$ . Which diagram corresponds to each of the cases below?

- Matter-dominated universe,  $k = +1$
- Matter-dominated universe,  $k = 0$
- Matter-dominated universe,  $k = -1$
- Flat ( $k = 0$ ) universe with equal energy contributions from matter and from a cosmological constant

(Here “matter-dominated” means that non-relativistic matter is the only form of energy in the universe.)

What is wrong with the two diagrams you didn't pick for any of the above?