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POSTER PAPERS

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Radiative data for Si-like ions: Si^0 , S^{2+} , A^{4+} , Ca^{6+}

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Radiative data such as photoionization cross sections, oscillator strengths, energy levels for Si - like ions, Si^0 , S^{2+} , A^{4+} and Ca^{6+} are obtained as a part of the Opacity Project (OP) [1]. Calculations are carried out in the close coupling (CC) approximation using the R-matrix method [2]. Partial photoionization cross sections of the ^3P ground state of each ion into various excited states of the residual ion are obtained.

Large number of bound states with $n \leq 10$, $l \leq 5$ are considered, amounting to a few hundred excited states for each atom and ion. Table I shows number of bound $SL\pi$'s and the corresponding number of excited bound states for each ion. All calculated energies for Si^0 , S^{2+} , A^{4+} and Ca^{6+} agree in less than 5% with the observed values except for a few excited states of Si^0 . Table I presents observed and calculated ionization energies (I.P.) of the ^3P ground state of each ion.

Detailed photoionization cross sections, including autoionizing resonances, of all the excited bound states, N_{bnd} , for each ion are obtained. Photoionization cross sections of the ^3P ground state of Si-like ions are presented in the lowest panels of Figs. 1(a) - (d). Presence of a wide resonance near the threshold for Si^0 can be observed in Fig. 1(a). The upper panels of Figs. 1(a) - (d) exhibit partial photoionization cross sections of the ground state in to various excited thresholds of the residual ion. Partial cross sections are important in the determination of level populations under non-LTE conditions. The excited state photoionization cross sections usually show nonhydrogenic behavior. Excited states that are coupled to the ground state of the residual ion show wide PEC (photoexcitation-of-core) resonances in the cross section profile. PEC's are due to excitation of the core to dipole allowed states while the outer electron remain as a spectator. The PEC resonances can enhance the background cross sections significantly. Example of PEC features will be illustrated in poster presentation. Except for a number of states of Si^0 , the photoionization cross sections detailed with autoionizing resonances and for a large number of states of S^{2+} , A^{4+} and Ca^{6+} are obtained for the first time as known to the authors.

Dipole oscillator strengths for transitions among all bound states with $n \leq 10$ are obtained in LS multiplets. Table I shows the number of oscillator strengths obtained for each ion. A short comparison is made with the available theoretical and experimental values in Table II. Oscillator strengths of Si^0 show good agreement with the values measured recently using laser induced fluorescence, so are the oscillator strengths of S^{2+} with a number of measured values obtained using beam-foil technique. Good comparison of oscillator strengths of A^{4+} and Ca^{6+} is also found with the very little available data.

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Ion	I.P.(Ry)	N_{SL^+}	N_{bd}	N_f	Ion	I.P.(Ry)	N_{SL^+}	N_{bd}	N_f
Si^{10}	0.598	0.601	27	218	3149	A^{4+}	5.515	5.499	36
Si^{2+}	2.573	2.574	31	236	3973	Ca^{6+}	9.389	9.364	40
S^{2+}	16961	1697	7863	342					

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Table I: Ionization potential, I_P , of the ions; N_{SL^+} is the total number of bound symmetries and N_{bd} is the corresponding number of bound states with $n \leq 10$ and $1 \leq 5$ for each ion; N_F is the number of oscillator strengths obtained for each ion.

$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.061	0.057±0.0028	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3so$	0.268	0.249	OP	expt	Ref. 9
$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.056	0.057±0.0028	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3so$	0.268	0.249	Ca^{6+}	A^{4+}	
$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.051	0.051	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.0563	0.0563	OP	expt	Ref. 9
$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.049	0.03313, 0.3554	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.066	0.085±0.057	OP	expt	Ref. 9
$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.041	0.0403	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.094	0.07±0.047	OP	expt	Ref. 9
$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.0358	0.03183	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.947	0.685±0.055	OP	expt	Ref. 9
$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.0056	0.00293, 0.00364	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.021	0.0167±0.0001	OP	expt	Ref. 9
$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.053	0.05133	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	1.670	0.96±0.197	OP	expt	Ref. 9
$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.101	0.09133, 0.0984	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	1.02	0.99±0.108	OP	expt	Ref. 9
$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.195	0.1633, 0.1704	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.043	0.0366	OP	expt	Ref. 9
$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.236	0.2113	$3p_2 - 3s3p_3$	$3p^-$	$3po$	0.024	0.022±0.0025	OP	expt	Ref. 9

Table II: Oscillator strengths of Si⁰, S²⁺, A⁴⁺, and Ca⁶⁺.

$3P_2 - 3S3P_3$	$3P_0$	0.061	0.057 ± 0.0028	$3P_2 - 3S3P_3$	$3P_0$	0.306	$1D - 1P_0$	0.250	0.236
$3P_2 - 3P_3$	$3P_0$	0.042		$1D - 1P_0$		0.088	$1D - 1D_0$	0.088	0.096
$3P_2 - 3P_3$	$3P_0$	0.581		$1S - 1P_0$		0.175	$1S - 1P_0$	0.175	0.191
$3P_2 - 3P_3$	$3P_0$	1.411		$3P_2 - 3P_3$	$3P_0$	1.133	$1D - 1F_0$	1.082	$1D - 1F_0$
$3P_2 - 3P_3$	$3P_0$	1.212		$3P_2 - 3P_3$	$3P_0$	0.460	$1D - 1D_0$	0.678	0.504
$1S - 1P_0$		2.270					$1D - 1F_0$	0.974	0.996
$3P_2 - 3P_4s$	$3P_0$	0.147							$3P_2 - 3P_4s$

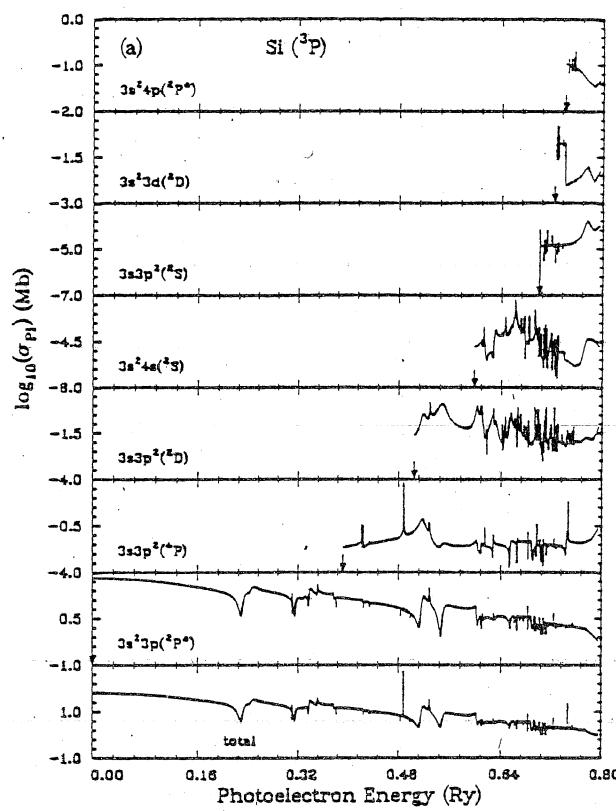


Fig. 1(a)

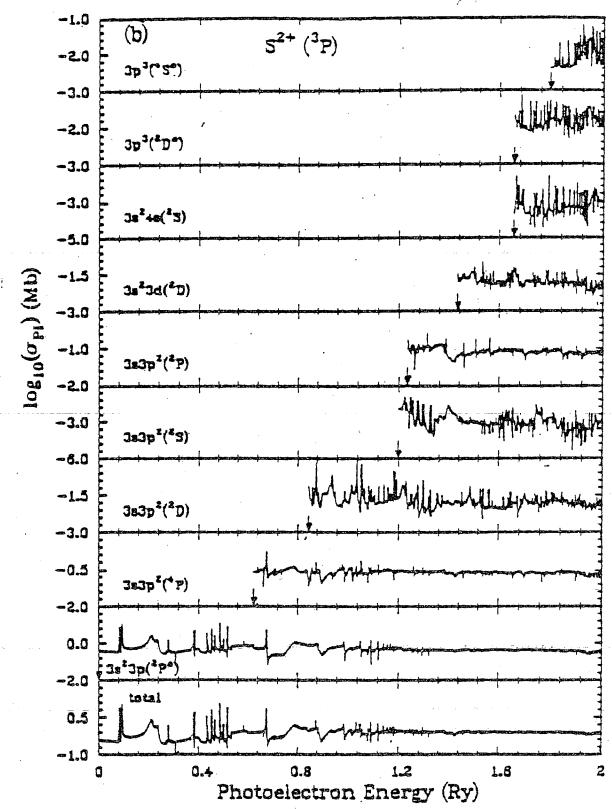


Fig. 1(b)

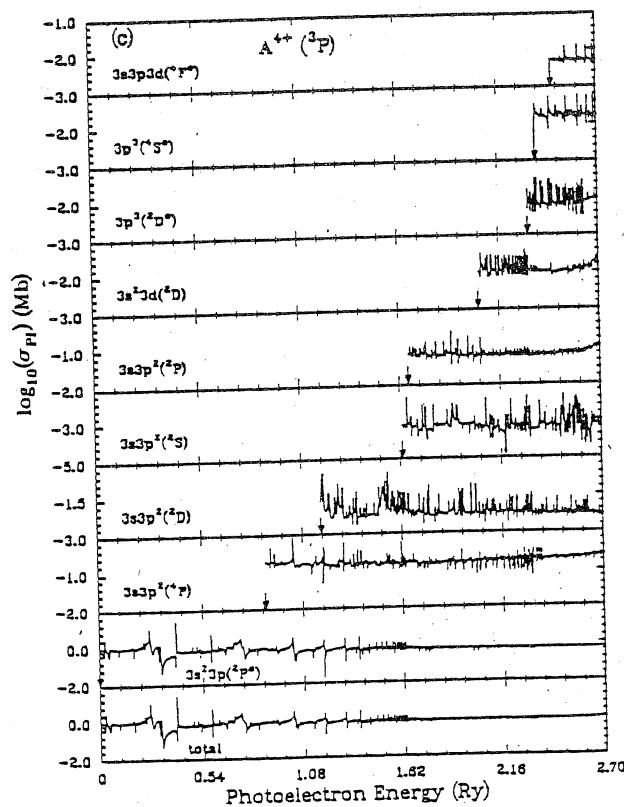


Fig. 1(c)

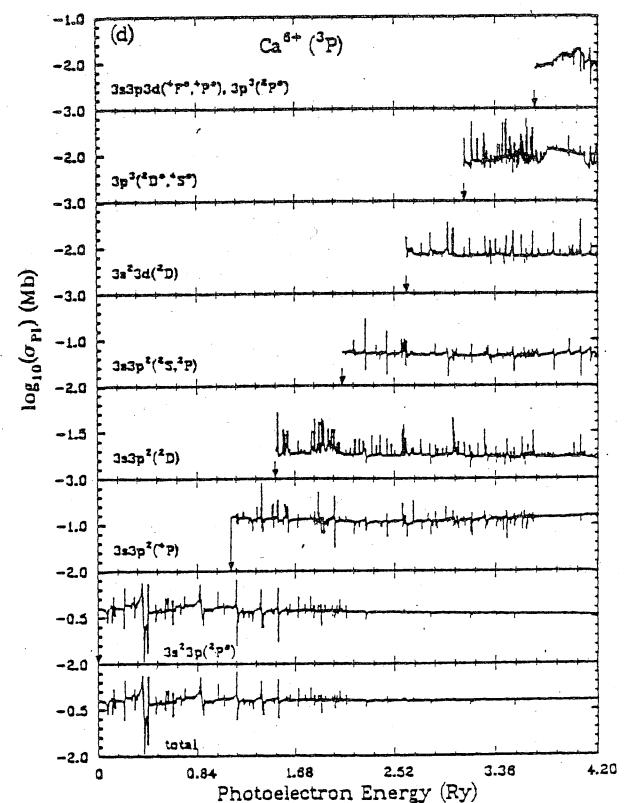


Fig. 1(d)

Fig. 1 Partial photoionization cross sections of the ground state of Si-like ions into various excited states of the residual ions.